

Circular 2016/2 Disclosure - insurers

Principles for the financial condition report

Reference: FINMA Circ. 16/2 "Disclosure - insurers"

Date: 3 December 2015 Entry into force: 1 January 2016

Last amendment: 31 March 2017 [Modifications are indicated by an asterisk (*) and are listed at the end of the

document.]

Legal framework: FINMASA Article 7 para. 1 let. b

ISA Article 26

ISO Articles 111a, 203a FMAO-FINMA Article 2

Appendix 1 Quantitative templates for insurance companies
Appendix 2 Quantitative templates for insurance groups

	Addressees																									
BankA ISA SESTA					EMIA F							CISA						AMLA			Other					
Banks	Financial groups and congl.	Other intermediaries	Insurers	Insurance groups and congl.	Intermediaries	Securities dealers	Trading venue	Central counterparties	Central securities depositories	Trade repositories	Payment systems	Participants	Fund management companies	SICAVs	Limited partnerships for CISs	SICAFs	Custodian banks	Asset manager CISs	Distributors	Representatives of foreign CISs	Other intermediaries	SROs	DSFIs	SRO-supervised institutions	Audit firms	Rating agencies
			Х	Х																						

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I. Purpose

This circular expands on Articles 111a and 203a of the Insurance Supervision Ordinance (ISO; SR 961.011) on the financial condition report of supervised insurance companies, groups and conglomerates.	1
It describes the basic contents and structure of the financial condition report and the minimum requirements for the type and contents of the disclosure.	2
II. Scope of application	
This circular applies to all insurance companies as defined in Article 2 para. 1 lets. a and b of the Insurance Supervision Act (ISA; SR 961.01) and to insurance groups and conglomerates (insurance groups) as defined in Article 2 para. 1 let. d and Articles 65 and 73 ISA which are subject to group and/or conglomerate supervision.	3
Insurance companies authorised to operate in insurance sector C3 (reinsurance by captives) are out of scope.	4
III. General provisions	
The financial condition report (FCR) is formulated in such a way as to be comprehensible to the policyholders and the entitled beneficiaries.	5
It focuses on the previous financial year (the reporting period).	6
It is published in one of the official languages of the Swiss Confederation or in English.	7
As a matter of principle, the annual report is deemed to be the statutory single-entity financial statements or audited single-entity or consolidated financial statements based on recognised accounting standards, as specified in the Accounting Standards Ordinance [RSO; SR 221.432].	8
The external auditor's summary report to the annual general meeting (as per Art. 728 <i>b</i> para. 2 CO) is to be appended to the FCR. It is recommended that the annual report on which the FCR is based should be published in the appendix to the FCR.	9
If an insurance company or group publishes its annual report separately from the FCR, the FCR can make reference to the annual report whenever the information to be published has already been published in the same form.	10
The insurance company or group ensures that the published information is consistent with	11



the information prepared for reporting to FINMA in accordance with Article 25 ISA and Article 53 ISO.

IV. Report on the financial condition of insurance companies

bot	e report to be published by insurance companies shall contain narrative information in the quantitative and qualitative form. It is supplemented with the quantitative templates escribed by FINMA (see section VII).	12
	nen drafting the FCR, the insurance company takes due account of the particular fea- es, size and complexity of the business.	13
act	e structure of the FCR reflects the requirements set out in subsections IV.A (Business rivities), IV.B (Performance), IV.C (Governance and risk management), IV.D (Risk pro), IV.E (Valuation), IV.F (Capital management) and IV.G (Solvency).	14
ma	e report includes a brief, clearly formulated management summary which describes any aterial changes in the reporting period in relation to the subsections specified in margin tes 18 to 82.	15
	request, FINMA can release insurance companies from the requirement to publish cer- n categories of information if there are reasonable grounds for doing so.	16
The	e following provisions do not apply to insurance companies domiciled outside Switzer-d:	17
•	Section IV.C	
•	Section IV.D	
•	Section IV.E	
•	Section IV.F	
•	Section IV.G.	
Α.	Business activities	
	e report contains at least the following information about the insurance company's busiss activities:	18
•	information about the company's strategy, objectives and key business segments	19
•	information about whether the insurance company belongs to a group and information about group transactions / business activities which are relevant for the insurance company	20



•	information about major shareholders within the meaning of Article 4 para. 2 let. f. ISA	21
•	a list of major branches	22
•	information about the company's external auditors as per Article 28 ISA	23
•	significant unusual events.	24
В.	Performance	
	e report contains at least the following qualitative and quantitative information about the urance company's underwriting performance:	25
•	information about premiums, costs, claims/benefits during the reporting period (as disclosed in the annual report)	26
•	comparison with the corresponding information from the previous reporting period	27
•	remarks on the above information in the segmentation as provided in the quantitative template "Performance Non-Life Solo" and "Performance Life Solo".	28
	e report contains at least the following qualitative and quantitative information about the urance company's financial performance:	29
•	information about income and expenses from/for investments during the reporting period (as disclosed in the annual report), by asset class	30
•	comparison with the corresponding information from the previous reporting period	31
•	remarks on the above information	32
•	information about profits and losses recognised directly in equity.	33
por	e report contains information about other material income and expenses during the re- ting period and a comparison with the corresponding information from the previous re- ting period.	34
C.	Corporate governance and risk management	
tors	e report contains, at minimum, information about the composition of the board of direcs and executive board of the insurance company and any changes during the reporting riod.	35
	e report contains at least the following information about the insurance company's risk	36



•	Description of the system used, including risk strategies, methods and processes	37
•	Description of the Risk Management, Internal Audit and Compliance functions and their implementation in the insurance company	38
•	Material changes in risk management during the reporting period	39
	e report contains a general description of the internal control system implemented at the urance company.	40
D.	Risk profile	
	e report contains qualitative and quantitative information about the insurance company's c profile:	41
Th	e information is broken down into the following risk categories:	42
•	Insurance risk	43
•	Market risk	44
•	Credit risk	45
•	Operational risk (at minimum, qualitative information)	46
•	Other material risks (at minimum, qualitative information).	47
exp	e report contains at least the following information about the insurance company's risk posure during the reporting period, including its exposure due to material off-balance-eet positions and risks transferred to special purpose vehicles (SPVs):	48
•	Description of the material risks to which the company is exposed, including any material changes during the reporting period	49
•	Description of the measures taken to assess these risks within the company, including any material changes during the reporting period.	50
Th	e report also contains:	51
•	A description of the material risk concentrations to which the insurance company is exposed.	52
•	A description of the tools used to reduce risk and of the processes used to monitor the ongoing effectiveness of these tools.	53



E. Valuation

	e report contains at least the following information about the market-consistent asset uation, as used for solvency purposes:	54
•	Value of the assets, broken down by asset class (as per the breakdown in the quantitative templates)	55
•	Description of the basis and methods used for the valuation	56
•	For each asset class, quantitative and qualitative explanatory notes if there are significant discrepancies in the basis and methods between the valuation for solvency purposes and the valuation for the annual report.	57
	e report contains at least the following information about the market-consistent valuation provisions for insurance obligations, as used for solvency purposes:	58
•	Gross and net value of the provisions for insurance obligations	59
•	Description of the basis, methods and key assumptions used in the valuation	60
•	Quantitative and qualitative explanatory notes if there are significant discrepancies in the basis, methods and key assumptions between the valuation for solvency purposes and the valuation for the annual report.	61
Th	e report contains at least the following information about the risk margin:	62
•	Value of the risk margin and of the other effects on target capital	63
•	Description of the basis, methods and key assumptions used.	64
	e report contains at least the following information about the market-consistent valuation other liabilities, as used for solvency purposes:	65
•	Value of provisions for other liabilities	66
•	Description of the basis, methods and key assumptions used in the valuation.	67
F.	Capital management	
	e report contains at least the following information about the insurance company's capital inagement:	68
•	Goals, strategy and time horizon for capital planning	69



•	Structure, level and quality of the equity capital reported in the annual report	70
•	Description of any material changes during the reporting period	71
•	Quantitative and qualitative explanatory notes if there are significant discrepancies between the equity capital reported in the annual report and the difference between the assets and liabilities based on a market-consistent valuation, as used for solvency purposes.	72
G.	Solvency	
app	e insurance company provides information about its choice of solvency model. Where blicable, it justifies its choice of an internal model, describes the model's salient features, d indicates whether it has been approved by FINMA.	73
	e report contains at least the following information about the target capital (with explana- y notes):	74
•	Breakdown of target capital into its key components	75
•	Breakdown of market risk and insurance risk into their key components	76
•	Comparison with the corresponding information from the previous reporting period.	77
	e report contains at least the following information about the risk-bearing capital (with blanatory notes):	78
•	Breakdown of risk-bearing capital into its key components	79
•	Comparison with the corresponding information from the previous reporting period	80
The	e insurance company comments on its reported solvency.	81
bea	ts report, the insurance company notes that the current information about solvency (riskaring capital, target capital) is identical to the information which it has submitted to IMA and, where appropriate, that it is subject to regulatory audit.	82
٧.	Report on the financial condition of insurance groups	
Ins	urance groups supervised in Switzerland publish a report on their financial condition.	83
Ма	rgin nos. 12-82 apply by extension to the financial condition report of insurance groups.	84
The	e financial condition report of insurance groups contains the following additional infor-	85



mation.

•	relation to business activities:		86
•	Description of the legal structu	ure of the group	87
•	Listing of the main subsidiaries tative shareholding structure	s and shareholdings showing the qualitative or quanti-	88
•	Listing of branches with a sigr company	nificant share of the business in relation to the parent	89
•	Quantitative and qualitative in transfer and capital transfer co	nformation about special purpose vehicles (e.g. risk ompanies) and joint ventures.	90
•	relation to performance:		91
•	Quantitative information about	key markets (in terms of premium volumes)	92
•	Qualitative information about re	relevant group activities / transactions.	93
•	relation to risk profile:		94
•	Qualitative and quantitative i group level.	information about significant risk concentrations at	95
•	relation to capital management:		96
•	Listing of main subsidiaries		97
•	Documentation of changes to report	equity capital, if not already published in the annual	98
•	Explanatory notes about the c tingent and mezzanine capital.	capitalisation structure, in particular about hybrid, con-	99
VI.	verall financial condition	on report	
	- .	ed in Switzerland can publish an overall financial conoup and its insurance companies in Switzerland.	100
	overall report presents the requirence group level.	red information separately at insurance company and	101



VII. Quantitative templates

FINMA defines quantitative templates for the financial condition reports of insurance companies (see appendix 1) and insurance groups (see appendix 2).	102
The quantitative templates "Market-consistent balance sheet" and "Solvency" do not apply to insurance companies domiciled outside Switzerland.	103
The quantitative templates contain information about the reporting period, the previous reporting period and, where necessary, any interim adjustments.	104
VIII. Responsibility (sign-off)	
The executive body charged with the management, supervision and control of the company is responsible for the financial condition report and signs off its disclosure within the meaning of this circular. The general agent signs off the FCR for insurance companies under Article 2 para. 1 let. b ISA.	105
IX. Publication requirements and deadlines	
The insurance company or group publishes the financial condition report on its website by 30 April each year.	106
Insurance companies which do not have a website must provide the FCR in hard copy form free of charge within twenty days following the request to do so.	107
The financial condition report is made available to FINMA as soon as it has been published.	108
Insurance companies which meet the following conditions in the reporting period and the previous reporting period may be exempted from the requirement to publish a financial condition report:	109
Gross premiums written (in all lines of business) less than CHF 10 million;	110
Gross technical provisions (in all lines of business) less than CHF 50 million; and	111
Small number of policyholders.	112
Insurance companies must submit a request for exemption to FINMA no later than 30 days after the end of the reporting period. The exemption remains in place for as long as the	113

conditions set out in margin nos. 110, 111 and 112 are met.



Insurance companies domiciled outside Switzerland (Art. 2 para. 1 let. b ISA) may ask to be exempted from the requirement to publish a financial condition report if they are subject to an equivalent disclosure regime in their country of domicile.		
FINMA may allow additional exceptions on a case-by-case basis.	115	
X. Transitional provisions		
The insurance company or group submits the financial condition report for the 2016 reporting period to FINMA by 30 June 2017. Following a review of these reports, FINMA decides whether and when they should be published in their entirety (Art. 216 <i>b</i> para. 3 ISO). Comparisons with information from the previous reporting do not need to be included in the report.	116	
From 2018 onwards (i.e. beginning with the 2017 reporting period), insurance companies or groups will publish the FCR by 30 April at the latest.	117	

List of modifications



The Appendixes to the Circular have been modified as follows:

These modifications were adopted on 31 March 2017 and will enter into force on 16 May 2017.

Modified Appendix 1: Currencies in the templates "Market-consistent balance

sheet (solo)" and "Solvability (solo)"

Appendix 2: Currencies in the templates "Market-consistent balance

sheet (group)" and "Solvability (group)"